

# Development of new materials made from agar

# Motive



Environmental  
pollution

# New biodegradable materials

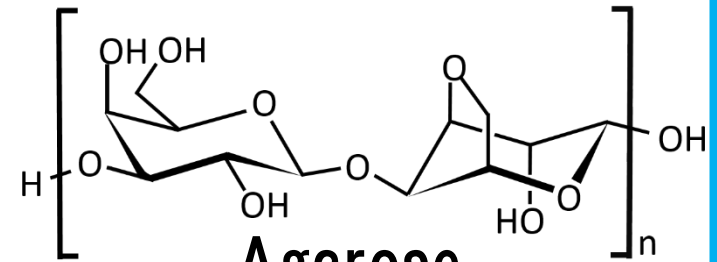
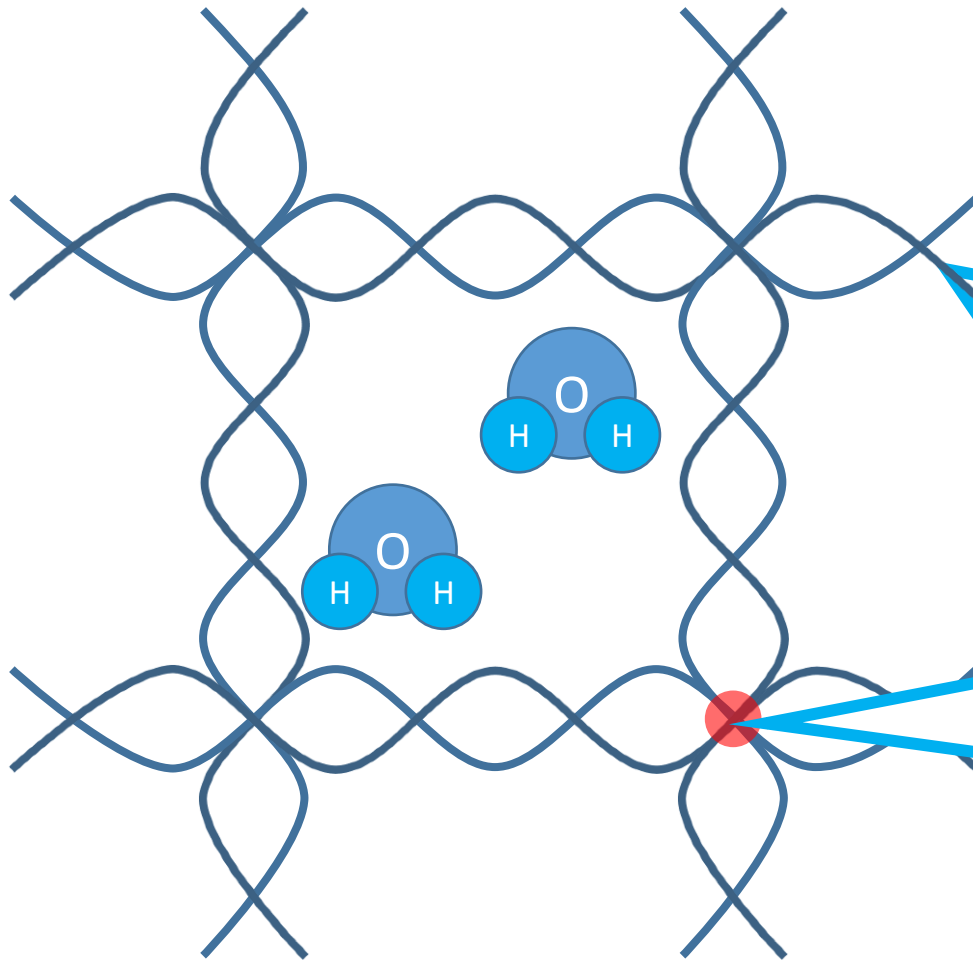


## Strengthen; add fiber



## Durability tests

## Biodegradability tests



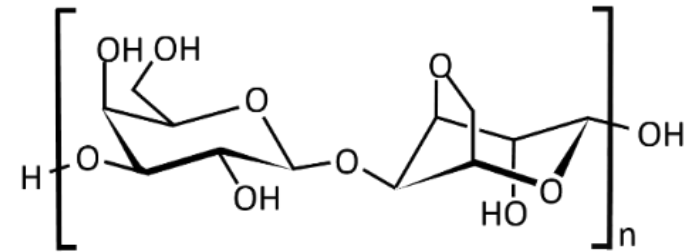
**Agarose**  
A polymer made up of  
repeating units of galactose

**Cross linking points**  
make agar sheets stronger

# Previous studies

To make stronger sheets...

- Add salts  
(Such as  $\text{CaCl}_2$ )
- Turn  $-\text{OH}$  into  $\text{CH}_3\text{CO}-$

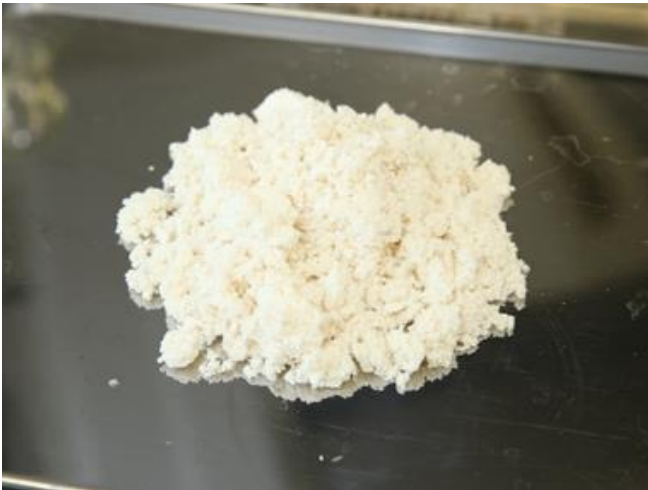


Development  
as packing material

# Previous study

- FRP (Fiber-Reinforced Plastics)

Add fiber to plastics to reinforce



← Fluorene-cellulose  
(Osaka Gas Co.)

# Keywords

Durability ▪ ▪ ▪ How much weight agar sheets can withstand

Biodegradable ▪ ▪ ▪ Able to be changed naturally by bacteria into  $\text{CO}_2$  and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$

# Method: Making Sheets

- ① Mix ***agar powder*** and ***additive (tomato fiber, chitin)***



tomato fiber



chitin

- ② ***Boil at 100 degrees***

- ③ Pour ② into plate

- ④ Dry



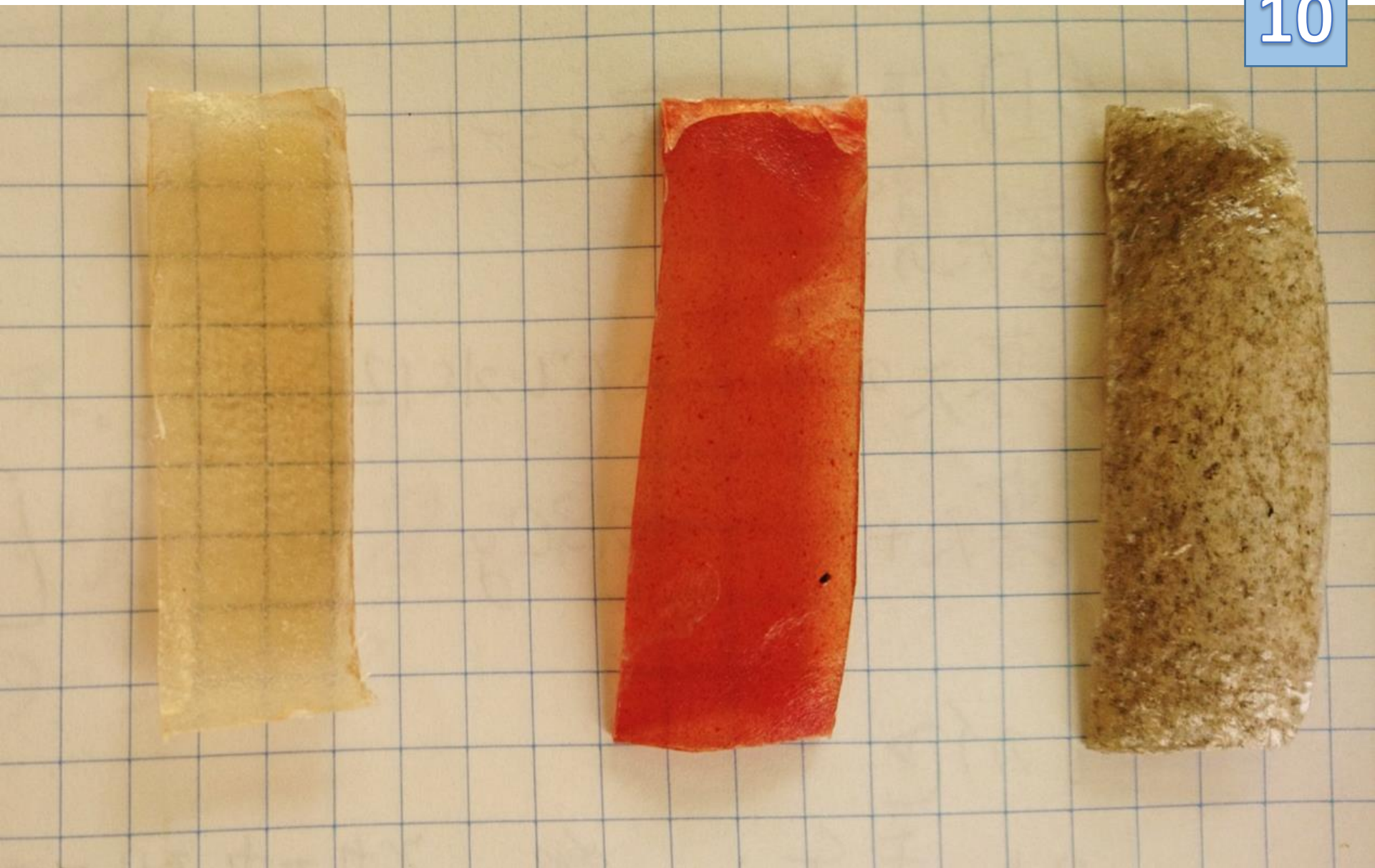
- ② Mixing agar while heating it











# Durability test

Made three sheets below and did durability tests

Agar

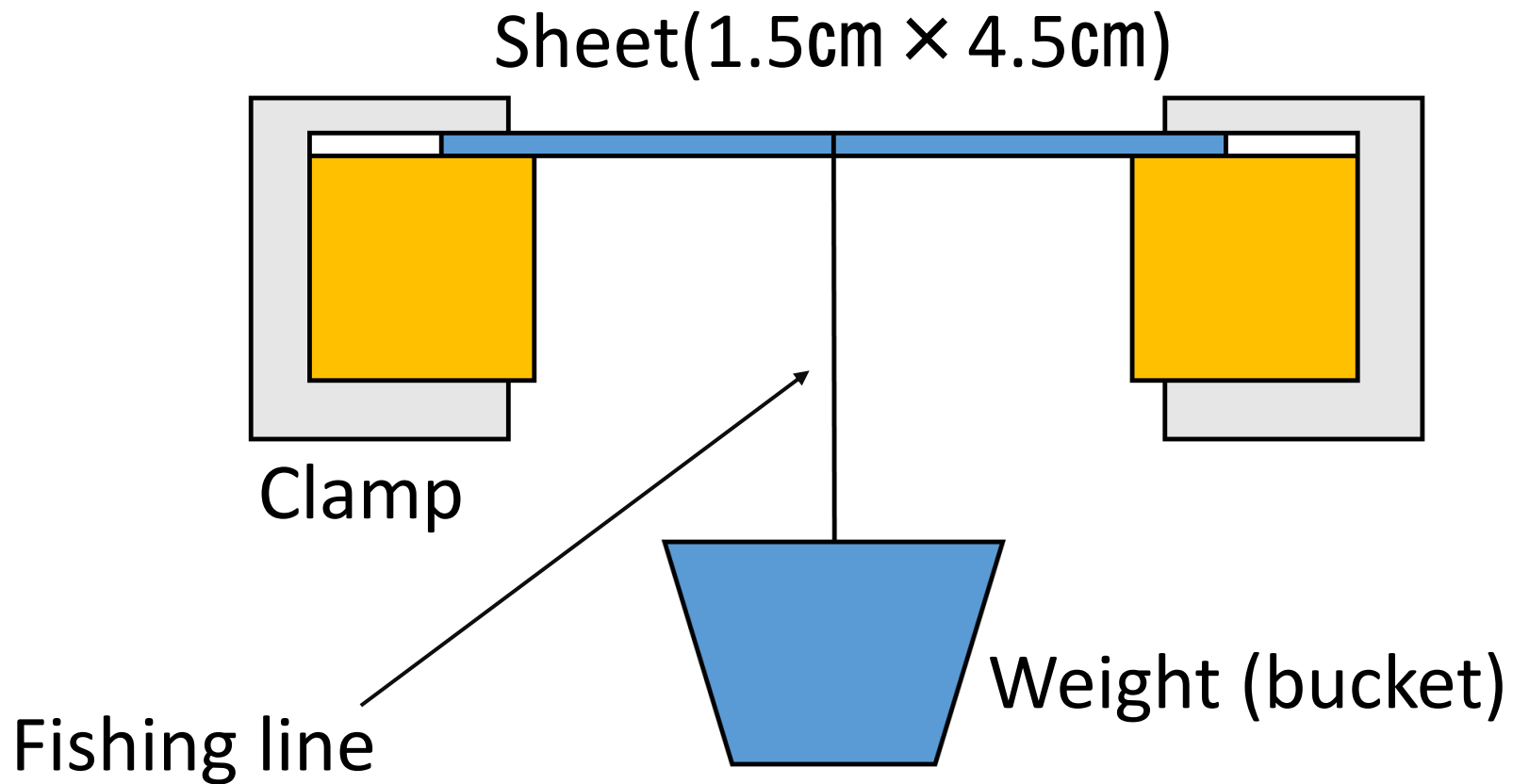
Agar + chitin

Agar + tomato

- agar 5.0g + water 90ml
- Dry in 40 °C stainless steel plates

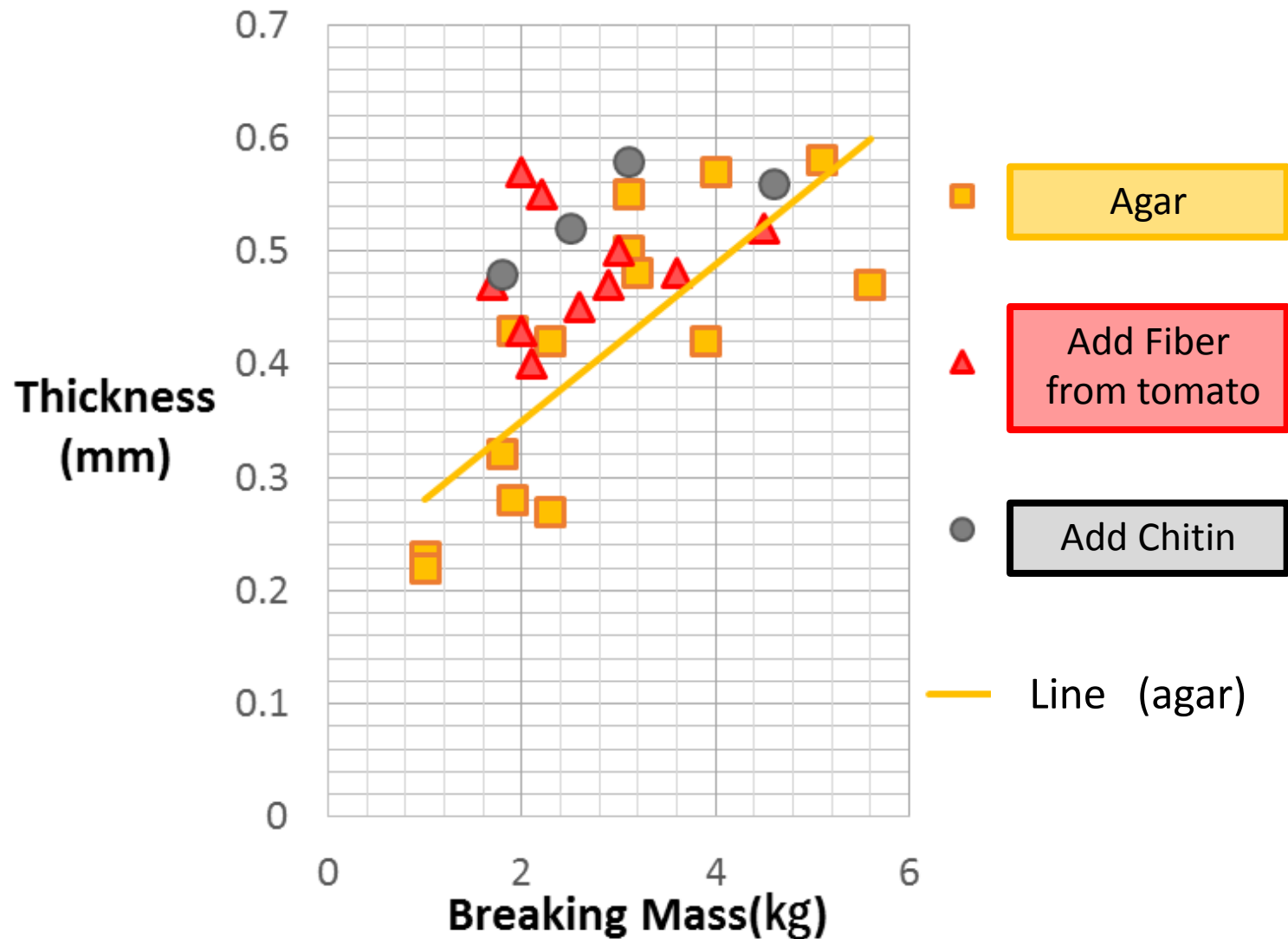
# Durability test device

12



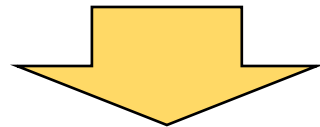
# Durability test

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# Result

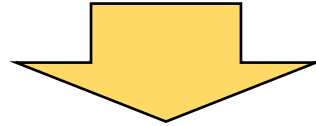
- Thickness and durability are positively correlated for Agar .
- There is no correlation seen between thickness and durability for Agar + chitin or Agar + tomato .
- We can't find any differences among the three sheets.



We couldn't improve  
the durability of agar sheets!

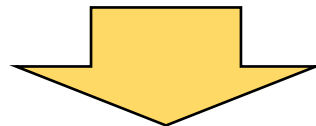
# Analysis

Chitin and tomato fiber are so large  
that they didn't combine with agar fiber.



Break chitin and tomato fiber into pieces

There were many errors.



Develop a more accurate durability test device



# Biodegradability Test

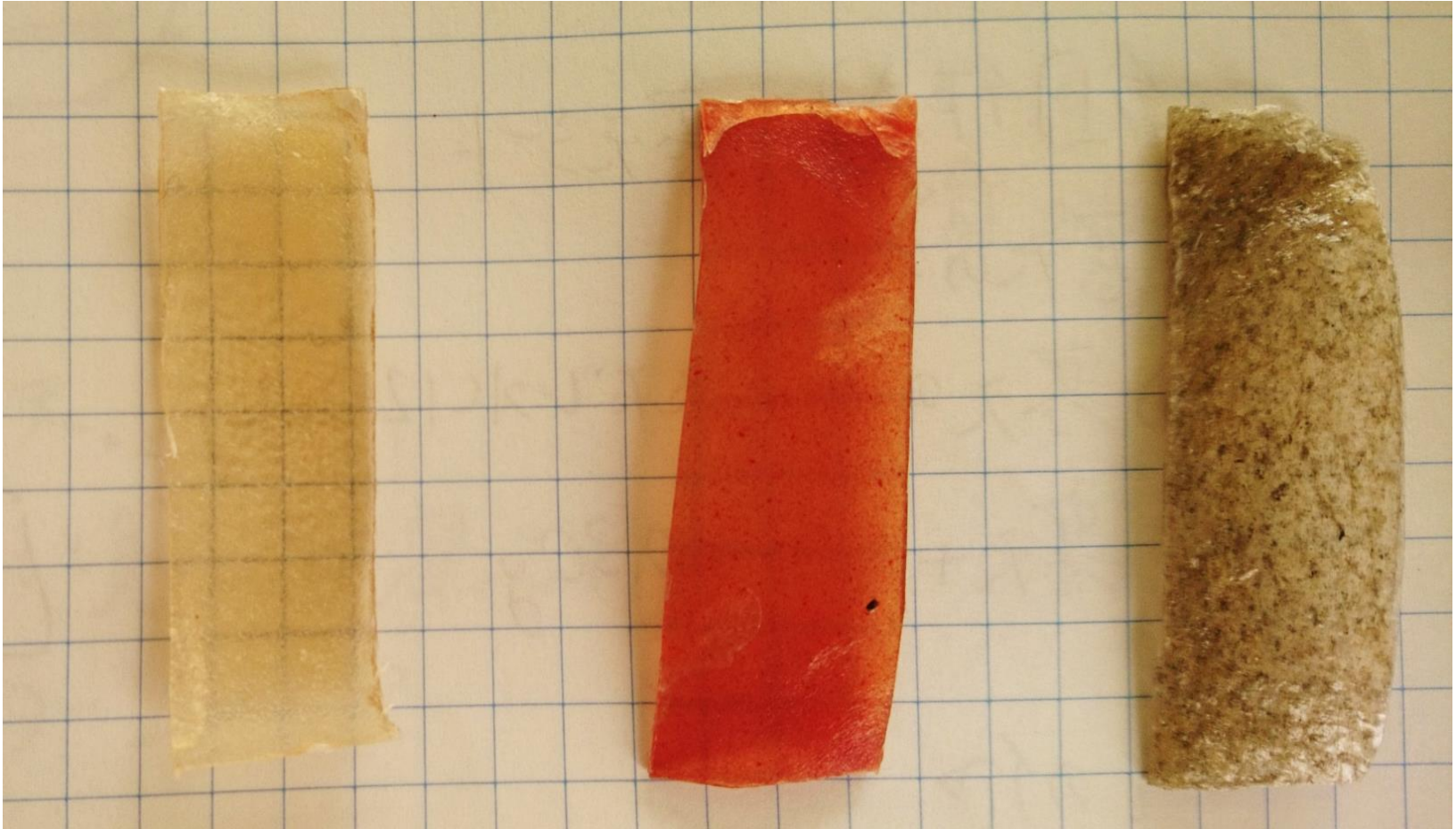
- Put sheets in soil
- Observe changes in mass and appearance



Biodegradability test setup

# Before beginning test

17



Agar

Agar + tomato

Agar + chitin

# 28 days later

18





# 91 days later

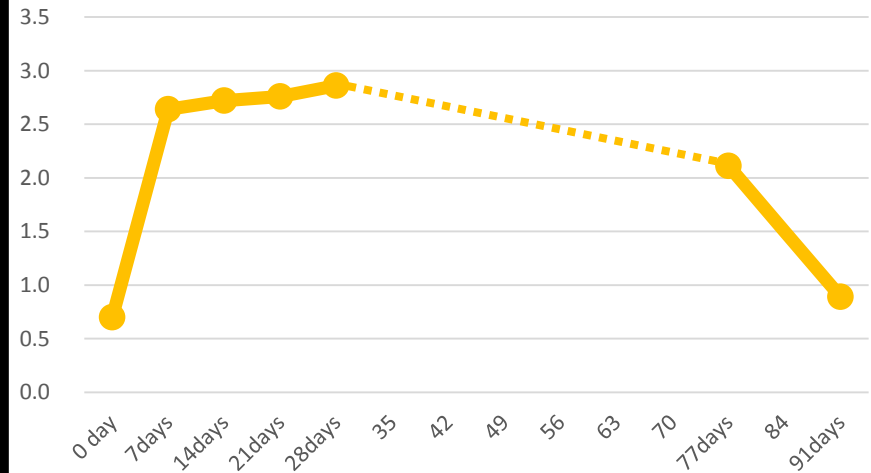
19



# Mass Variation

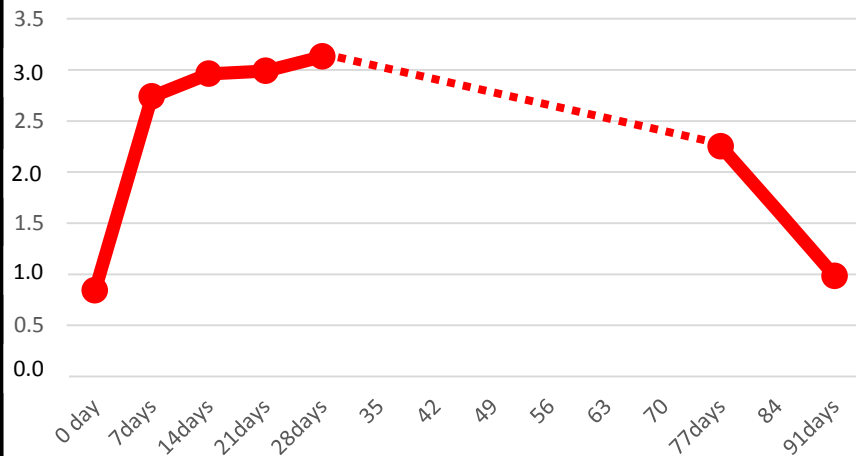
(g)

Agar



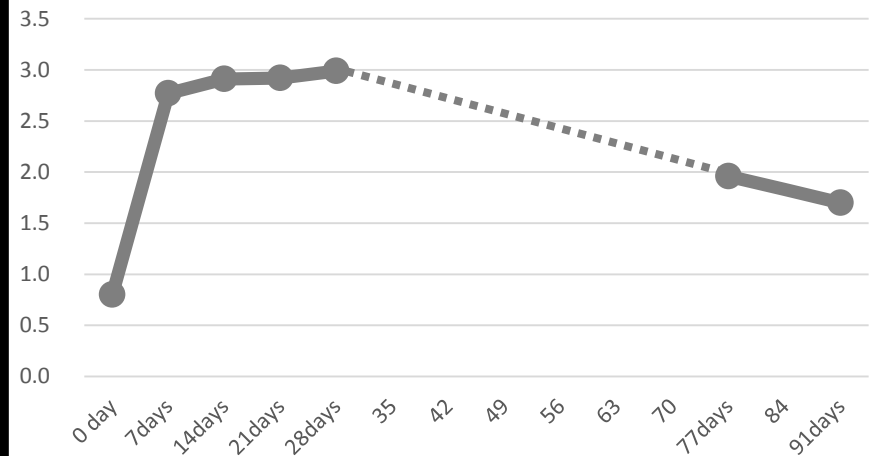
(g)

Agar + tomato fiber



(g)

Agar + chitin



# Prospects

## ○ Things to improve

- Improve durability test device
- Increase the number of experiments
- Clarify the change in durability from the viewpoint of chemistry
- Continue the biodegradability test

# Prospects

## ○ Future plans

- Change the shape of chitin tomato
- Test for water-resistance
- Change the shape of agar sheets into other patterns

# References

- Development of new material by using agar, Hyogo Prefectural Kakogawa Higashi High School, Nakatsuka Tomoaki, Hara Hodaka, Harada Yuji, Bito Miki
- Making bioplastic by using agar, Kanagawa Prefectural Atsugi High School, Iwase Rinka et al.
- Particulate formation behavior of cellulose fiber by mechanical comminution, Endo Takashi, Kitagawa Ryoichi et al. polymer collected papers, Vol.56, No3
- The basic research related to Chitosan ∼pigment adsorbing function∼, Hokkaido Prefectural Sapporo Nishi High School Science Club, Arakawa Yasumasa, Yamada Yuma



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Thank you for listening!